

# INDIAN INSTITUTE OF MATERIALS MANAGEMENT Post Graduate Diploma in Materials Management-3 years Graduate Diploma in Materials Management PAPER No. 3

## **BUSINESS ECONOMICS & FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING.**

Date	: 23.12.2019	Max. Marks	:100
Time	: 2.00 p.m to 5.00 pm	Duration	: 3 Hrs.

#### Instructions :

1. From Part A – answer all questions (compulsory).

2. From Part B – Answer any 3 questions. Each question carries 16 marks

3.Part C is a case study (compulsory). Read the case study carefully and answer the questions

# PART A (compulsory).

[8 marks]

[8 marks]

( 32 x1= 32 marks)

Total: 32 Marks

Total: 48 Marks Total: 20 Marks

### Q.1: Expand the following.

- a. MPP
- b. CGST
- c. GDP
- d. IFI
- e. GAAP
- **f.** ICAI
- **g**. A = C + L
- h. BRS

## Q2. Match the following

#### Column A

- a. Objective of Firm
- b. Isoquant
- c. Profit & Loss A/c
- **d.** Human Development Index
- e. Balance Sheet
- f. Closing Stock
- g. Contra Entry
- h. Accounting

# Column B

- 1. Indices of life expectancy, education and income
- 2. Historic in Nature
- **3.** Triple column Cash Book
- 4. At the end of the Financial Year
- 5. A graph of all possible combination
- 6. Profit maximisation
- 7. For a Period
- 8. As on date

# Q.3: State True or False. [8 marks]

- a) Monopoly exists when a specific person/party is the only supplier of a particular commodity.
- b) Market classification is not done by the Nature of Transactions.
- c) Consumer's willingness and affordability is the Demand and Supply.
- d) Foreign Direct Investment is aggressively being encouraged.
- e) Book Keeping is neither Science nor Art.
- f) Net Profit is ultimately capitalised.
- g) Total of Asset and Liabilities side must tally.
- h) Government is not interested in Financial Statement of a Private Company.

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### Q.4: Fill in the blanks. [8 marks]

- a. Adam Smith had written
- **b.** Reserve Bank of India is a \_\_\_\_\_ Institution in India.
- c. Employment is contract between the Employer and \_
- **d.** Economics is broadly divided in two parts i.e. Micro and \_\_\_\_\_\_ Economics.
- e. Debit what comes in and Credit what goes out is the rule under \_\_\_\_\_\_ Account.
- f. Depreciation Amount is deducted from the value of concerned
- g. Conservatism is a \_\_\_\_\_ in Double Entry Accounting System.
- h. Adjustment entries shown along Trial Balance are recorded twice, once in Gross Profit & Loss A/c and second time in \_\_\_\_\_.

# PART B

#### (Answer any three)

(3 x 16 = 48 Marks)

(20 Marks)

### Q.5: Write short notes on any four.[4x4 = 16 marks]

- a. Wage Differentials
- **b.** National Income
- c. Corporate Governance
- d. Sources & Applications of Funds
- e. Journal Entry
- Q.6: Business entity, which exist in market are in many forms. Describe them briefly with advantages and disadvantage of each form/ type. [ 16 marks ]
- Q.7: a. Describe various Financial Institutions in India[ 8 marks]b. Define Budget and its types. [ 8 marks]
- **Q.8:** Elaborate the Financial Statement analysis with important methods or techniques to do the analysis. **[ 8 marks]**
- Q.9: a. Describe briefly the Asset side of Balance Sheet. [8 marks]b. Describe the concepts and conventions in Double Entry Accounting System. [8 marks]

## PART C

#### Q.10: CASE STUDY (compulsory)

Being an Accountant of a company, you are provided with Trial Balance and adjustment entries. Suggest the accounting treatment for preparation of Trading, Profit & Loss A/c and Balance Sheet for following adjustment entries:-

- a) Closing stock with Rs. 55,000;
- b) Outstanding salary of Rs. 18,000, where in paid salary is Rs. 1,02,000;
- c) Total Premium paid Rs. 10,000 includes Prepaid Premium Rs. 2,000;
- d) Depreciation @ 10% on Furniture and Fixtures worth Rs. 80,000;
- e) Provision for Doubtful Debts @ 5% on Debtors valuing to Rs. 1,00,000;

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